Pt Name:		СР	CPT Selected:			ICD-9 (s) Selected:				
MR#										
DOS:		CP	CPT Documented:			ICD-9 (s) Documen	ted:			
NP:		Mo	odifier Se	lected:						
Physician:					cumented:					
			ļ							
I. HPI:							IV. 199	5 EXAM:		
CC:		(MUST DO	CUMENT)			Body Areas				
□ Location: V □ Quality: w	Vhere is the pair	n/problem?	t, improving, worsen	ing aguto		│ □ head ind □ □ neck:	cluding face:			
chronic)						chest including breast/axillae:				
Severity: Ho types of pain) _		i (scale of 1-10, fu	nctional status, comp	pared to other	r	□ abdomen: □ genitalia, groin, buttocks:				
□ <b>Timing:</b> Whe Nocturnal?	en did you first ex	perience the probl	em? Specific time of	f day?		back, including spine:				
Duration: H			set three days ago, s	since last		🛛 each ex	tremity:			
			occurs? Associate	d with meals		Organ Systems constitutional:				
exercise or stres	ss?		eviate problem? Me		, 	□ constitu □ eves:				
attempted? What	at changes/alters	the compliant								
			ing you when this oc chest pain		r	□ cardiova □ respirat	ascular: ory:			
	,	<i>*</i> 1				□ GI:				
					<b>_</b>	GU: musculo	oskeletal:			
Brief = 1-3	Extende	ed = (4+)				🗆 skin:				
		(៣	st document re	eason)		□ neurolo □ psychia	gic: tric:			
II.R	OS:									
		isculoskeletal	All other					* Must be 8 or more	9	
□ Eyes □ ENMT	Eyes Integumentary were reviewed and are				e	□ 2-4 = exp □ 5-7 = det		organ systems (n		
🗆 Cardio	D Ps	ych				□ 8+ = com	prehensive ***	for comprehensiv		
□ Respirator		docrine m/Lymph	Pertinent     Extended			1997 Single Organ Exam used – see other score sheet				
GU Allergy/Immuno Complete = 10+										
						NOTES:				
		III.PFSH:	]			□ Signed ( □ Attestation	Consultation Re	equest		
	illness, injuries						Physician Note			
operations, treatments, current medications, and allergies)					□ Procedure Note					
Family: (me	edical events c	of pt's				Modifier				
family, hereditary dz) Social: (marital status, living (estab. patients & ED)										
arrangements, o	current employ	/ment,	(new patients	s & consult	ts)	ICD9	E/M	Documen	ted	
use of tobacco,	alcohol, drugs	3								
						l		1		
SUMMARY SC				at ha mat*	*					
			<b>in the table mu</b> SH would meet an			Į		I	I	
problem focus his	story)									
HPI	ROS	PFSH	= <u>History</u>	Level	]	Time:	total	% E/M		
Brief	None	None	problem fo		┤┃╴			EL OF SERVICE		
Brief Extended	Pertinent Extended	None Pertinent	<pre>expanded</pre>	PF	╡┃│	l llaterr		1		
Extended	Complete	Complete	<ul><li>detailed</li><li>compreher</li></ul>	nsive	┥┃┝	History	Exam	MDM	= Level	
					- ∎					

## **Complexity of Medical Decision Making:**

1. 1	ype and Number of Presenting Problems	A	х	В	=	С
	single self-limited or minor problem: stable, improved or worsening	max = 2		1		
	established problem (to examiner): stable, improved, resolving/resolved			1		
	established problem (to examiner): worsening, inadequately controlled			2		
	new problem (to examiner): no additional work-up planned	max = 1		3		
	new problem (to examiner): with additional assessment, consult or diagnostic studies 4					
			·		Total	
II. Amount and Complexity of Data						Points
	review and/or order of clinical tests					1
	review and/or order of tests in CPT radiology section					1
review and/or order of tests in CPT medicine section						1
	discussion of test results with performing physician					1
independent review of image, tracing or specimen						2
	decision to obtain old records and/or obtain history from someone other than patient					1
review and summarization of old records &/or obtaining hx from someone other than patient						2
				То	otal	

## III. TABLE OF RISK

Level of Risk	Presenting Problem (s)	Diagnostic Procedures Ordered	Management Options Selected		
Minimal	One self-limited or minor problem (rash or oral ulcers, cold, insect bites)	Lab tests requiring venipuncture     Chest x-rays     EKG/ECG     UA     Ultrasound	Rest     Splints     Superficial dressings		
Low	<ul> <li>Two or more self-limited or minor problems or symptoms</li> <li>One stable chronic illness (well-controlled HTN or NIDDM, BPH)</li> <li>Acute uncomplicated illness (e.g., cystitis, allergic rhinitis, simple sprain)</li> </ul>	MRI/CT, PFT's     Superficial needle biopsies     Clinical lab test requiring arterial     puncture     Skin biopsies	OTC drugs     Minor surgery w/ no identified risk factors     PT/OT     IV fluids w/o additives		
Moderate	<ul> <li>One or more chronic illness w/ mild exacerbation, progression, or side effect of treatment</li> <li>Acute illness with systemic symptoms, eg. pyelonephritis, pneumonitis, colitis</li> <li>Two or more stable chronic illnesses</li> <li>Acute complicated injury (vertebral compression fracture, head injury w/ brief LOC)</li> <li>Undiagnosed new problem with uncertain prognosis, eg. lump in breast</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Diagnostic endoscopies with no identified risk factors</li> <li>Cardiovascular imaging studies w/ contrast, no risk factors (arteriogram)</li> <li>Arthrocentesis, LP</li> <li>Physiologic tests under stress test eg,(cardiac stress test)</li> <li>Deep needle or incisional biopsy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Prescription drug management</li> <li>Minor surgery w/ identified risk factors</li> <li>IV fluids w/ additives</li> <li>Therapeutic nuclear medicine</li> <li>Elective major surgery(open, percutaneous or endoscopic) w/ no identified risk factors</li> <li>Closed treatment of fx or dislocation without manipulation</li> </ul>		
High	<ul> <li>One or more chronic illnesses w/ severe exacerbation, progression, or side effects of tx</li> <li>Acute or chronic illness that may pose a threat to life or bodily function (eg. progressive severe RA, multiple trauma, acute MI, PE, severe respiratory distress, psych illness w/ threat to self or others, acute renal failure)</li> <li>An abrupt change in neurological status, eg. Seizure, TIA, weakness, or sensory loss</li> </ul>	Cardiac EP tests     Cardiovascular imaging studies     w/contrast, w/ identified risk factors     Diagnostic endoscopies w/ identified     risk factors     Discography	Elective major surgery w/ risk factors     Emergency major surgery     Administration of parenteral controlled     substances     Drug therapy requiring intensive monitoring for     toxicity     Decision not to resuscitate or to de-escalate     care because of poor prognosis		

\*\*The highest level of risk in any one category (presenting problem(s), diagnostic procedure(s) or management options determines the overall risk\*\*

## To qualify for a given type of decision making, two of the three elements in the table must be either met or exceeded:

Type of Decision Making:	StrForward	Low	<u>Moderate</u>	<u>High</u>
I. Presenting Problems =	0 or 1	2	3	4 (+)
II. Amount of Data =	0 or 1	2	3	4 (+)
III. Overall risk =	Minimal	Low	Moderate	High