Using Templates to Analyze Nonfiction Text



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DEPTH AND COMPLEXITY DEFINED

DEPTH THINKING TOOLS			
۲	Language of the Discipline: Vocabulary related to content or discipline being studied. May include phrases, signs/symbols, figures of speech, or abbreviations.		
££}	Details : Information that enhances understanding. May include parts, factors, attributes, traits, or variables.		
	Patterns : Reoccurring elements or factors in ideas, objects, stories, & events. Items may be predictable, repetitive or ordered.		
? .>	Unanswered Questions : Information or ideas that are unclear, unresolved, or not fully developed. May include the unknown, unexplored or unproven.		
	Rules : Organization elements that create structure, order or sequence. May include hierarchy, guidelines, or classification.		
\blacklozenge	Ethics : Moral principles or conflicts surrounding different points of view on events, ideas, or issues. May include bias, values, or judgments.		
\checkmark	Trends : General direction of change. Direction may be influence by varied forces. May include current styles or tendencies.		
	Big Idea : General statement about a principle, theory, concept or idea. May include a main idea, universal concept or generalization.		
	COMPLEXITY THINKING TOOLS		
AL PRESE	Over Time : How people, ideas, events and elements change over time. May include comparing past, present and future, predicting, or connecting points in time.		
69	Multiple Perspectives : Different points of view on ideas, events, people and issues. May include roles, careers, fields, or opposing viewpoints.		
	Across Disciplines : Connections within, between and across subject areas. May include connections, linked ideas, or integrations.		

Text Features in Non-Fiction

Text Feature:	Example & Page #:	Significance: (What does this tell me?)
Title(s)		
Headings & Subheadings		
Specialized Print (Bold & Italic)		
Visuals: Illustrations, Diagrams, & Maps		

Text Features in Non-Fiction

Text Feature:	Example & Page #:	(What does this tell me?)
Title(s)	How díd geography and clímate affect how early people líved?	This tells me where the Indians lived affected their lives.
Headings & Subheadings	-The first North Americans -Ways of Life Changed -Cultural Regions Develop -Desert Southwest Cultural Region -Pacific Northwest Cultural Region Eastern Woodlands Cultural Region Great Plains Cultural Region	Natíve Americans líved in different culture regions and their ways of life were different.
Specialized Print (Bold & Italic)	-Nomad -Mígratíon -Agrículture -Adapt -Technology	Nomads migrated to different regions. They adapted using technology and agriculture.
Visuals: Illustrations, Diagrams, & Maps	-Ice Age Mígratíon Map -Map of Culture Regions -Map: Desert Southwest & Pacífic Northwest -Pícture: Adobe buildings -Pícture: Horno -Pícture: Wood plank house -Pícture: Wooden dísh -Map: Eastern Woodlands & Great Plaíns -Pícture: Longhouse & Wígwam -Pícture: Natíve Amerícans, horses, tee pees	Native Americans had different kinds of houses in different places. They had different resources and different technology.

A Picture is Worth A Thousand Words!

Page #	Details From the Picture	्र्र् My Initial Impression	??? Unanswered Questions		
How did	How did these pictures/other visuals help you gain a better understanding of the concept(s)?				

A Picture is Worth A Thousand Words!

Title_____

Picture Page #	Details From the Picture	ිටි My Initial Impression	??? Unanswered Questions	
p.71	 Hundreds of wagons pulled by horses all going in the same direction. People were walking alongside the wagons. They were all wearing hats. Dust everywhere. No trees or rivers Flat land 	This seems like it would be a very difficult journey. I noticed everyone was wearing a hat. It must have been hot.	 Who were these people? What motivation did they have to endure this journey to get to their destination? 	
P. 72	 Isthmus of Panama Pacific and Atlantic Oceans Ships sailing toward Panama Equator North & South America 	The ships traveled a long distance over the ocean.	 Who were these people that traveled by ship? Was this any less dangerous than traveling by land? What types of dangers existed for ocean travel? 	
p. 74	Routes to California • US states • California Trail • Old Spanish Trail • Santa Fe Trail • Rocky Mountains • Sierra Nevada Mountains • Great Plains	There were a lot of trails/ routes going to California. They cross two mountain ranges and the Great Plains.	 What the purpose of having so many different trails to California? What is the significance of the different trail names? 	
How did these pictures/other visuals help you gain a better understanding of the concept(s)?				

Nonfiction Text Organization

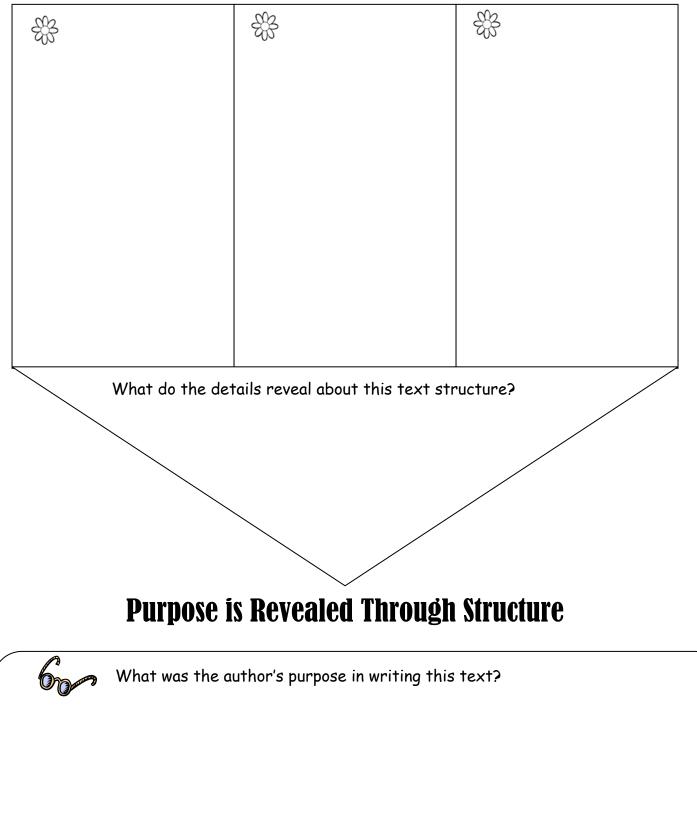
Text Organization	Rules	ເ⊖ Signal Words/Language	Organizer/Map
Description	The author describes the topic by listing characteristics, features, attributes, and examples. Order doesn't matter.	 such as including for instance is like Present tense Use of topic sentences Technical vocabulary Action words to illustrate for example as in appears to be 	
Sequence	The author lists items or events in numerical or chronological order, can be explicit or implied. Author uses diagrams and visuals. Order does matter.	 first later next before then finally after when since previously bullets actual dates numbered steps time ordered words 	
Comparison	The author presents information by detailing how two or more events, concepts, theories, or things are similar and/or different. Order does matter	 however just as similarly but although also in contrast alike nevertheless yet different same as either/or likewise just like where as in comparison on the other hand in the same way 	
Cause and Effect	The author presents ideas, events in time, or facts as causes and the resulting effect(s) or facts that happen as a result of an event. Order does matter	 if/then as a result so that therefore thus because due to this led to for consequently hence 	Cause Effect Effect Effect
Problem and Solution	The author presents a problem and one or more possible solutions to the problem. Order does matter	 problem is so that dilemma is if/then because question/answer s The Art of Making Text Explicit	Problem Solution(s) End Results

Modified from nlcphs.org & C. Cummins. The Art of Making Text Explicit

Organization	Big Idea	Signal Words	Other Details
		۲	
Description	The author describes the topic by listing details, features, examples. *Does Order Matter?		
Sequence	The author lists items or events in numerical or chronological order, can be explicit or implied. Author uses diagrams and visuals. *Does Order Matter?		
Comparison	The author presents information by detailing how two or more events, concepts, theories, or things are similar and/or different. *Does Order Matter?		
Cause and Effect	The author presents ideas, events in time, ,or facts as causes and the resulting effect(s) or facts that happen as a result of an event. *Does Order Matter?		
Problem and Solution	The author presents a problem and one or more possible solutions to the problem. *Does Order Matter?		

Structure is Revealed Through Details

Text Structure



Think Like a Linguist! Etymologies Chart

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€Word	Word Connections	Origin & Meaning	Significance
Microscope	Microchip Microsecond Microwave	Greek: micros (small) + skopian (means of viewing) Scientific instrument that magnifies tiny objects, making them appear larger.	Allows scientists to see things they would not be able to see with their eyes alone. This has lead to important discoveries.

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Think Like a Linguist! Etymologies Chart

Word	Word Connections	Origin & Meaning	Significance
Chloroplast	Chlorophyll Chlorine	Greek: Khloros (greenish-yellow) + plast (something made) Small green structures in plant cells that capture sunlight.	Photosynthesis! The chloroplast is part of the process in which plants turn energy from sunlight into food.
Microscope	Microchip Microsecond Microwave	Greek: micros (small) + skopian (means of viewing) Scientific instrument that magnifies tiny objects, making them appear larger.	Allows scientists to see things they would not be able to see with their eyes alone. This has lead to important discoveries.
Organelle	Organ Organize Organism	Latin: Organella (instrument, organ) Specialized part of a cell that carries out a particular job.	Found in all cells. Organelles work together to keep the cell alive.
Elements	Elementary Periodic table	Latin: elementem (rudiment, first principle, matter in its most basic form) A substance in its simplest form- cannot be broken down or simplified.	Elements are made up of a single atom. They make up matter. They are categorized on the periodic table.



ABC's of <u>California Missions</u>

Adobe	Bell Tower	Cemetery	
		Many Native Americans died and	
Clay bricks used to build churches	Bells told the Native Americans	were buried in the church	
and other buildings.	when to eat, work, etc. B	cemetery. Most had unmarked graves.	D
A	В	C	
El Camino Real			Hides
E	F	G	Cattle hides were important to the mission economy. The leather was used to make many items.
	T C		Н
	Junipero Serra		
I	who founded several California missions. J	К	L

From *More Tools for Teaching* by J. Allen. 2008.



Determine Important Details	60 Defend the Importance of the Detail (Explain Your Thinking)

Reading Notes

Take notes as you read. Use your notes during group discussion.

Note significant:	predict	question	clarify
Solution (1) S	summarize	make conn	ections
m			
Pgs			
Ê			
Pgs			
Pgs			

Reading Notes

Take notes as you read. Use your notes during group discussion.

 # 1% of Earth's surface is covered by fresh water. 78% is frozen 21% is liquid Prea Pgs. <u>184</u> Clar Sea/Land Breezes Sea Breeze- During the day. Land heats up faster than water. The air above the land heats and then rises. The cooler air from the water moves over the land. 	predict	question	clarify
 # 1% of Earth's surface is covered by fresh water. #8% is frozen 21% is liquid Pgs. <u>184</u> Clar Sea/Land Breezes Sea Breeze- During the day. Land heats up faster than water. The air above the land heats and then rises. The cooler air from the water moves over the land. Land Breeze- During the Night. Movement of air from land to water. Air over land cools faster than above water. Warmer air over water rises and air over land moves over the water. Pgs. <u>192</u> 	summarize make connections		
78% is frozen Con 21% is liquid Prea Pgs. 184_ Clar Sea/Land Breezes Sea Breeze- During the day. Land heats up faster than water. The air above the land heats and then rises. The cooler air from the water moves over the land. Land Breeze- During the Night. Movement of air from land to water. Air over land cools faster than above water. Warmer air over water rises and air over land moves over the water. Pgs. 192_	Question: How can we get more líquid fresh water?		
Prea Pgs. 184_ Im Sea/Land Breezes Sea Breeze- During the day. Land heats up faster than water. The air above the land heats and then rises. The cooler air from the water moves over the land. Land Breeze- During the Night. Movement of air from land to water. Air over land cools faster than above water. Warmer air over water rises and air over land moves over the water. Pgs. 192_	nnectíon: In some pla	ces laws force people to	conserve water.
Clar Sea/Land Breezes Sea Breeze- During the day. Land heats up faster than water. The air above the land heats and then rises. The cooler air from the water moves over the land. Land Breeze- During the Night. Movement of air from land to water. Air over land cools faster than above water. Warmer air over water rises and air over land moves over the water. Pgs. 192	edict: This will be an a	area involving ethical	íssues in the future.
Sea/Land Breezes Sea Breeze- During the day. Land heats up faster than water. The air above the land heats and then rises. The cooler air from the water moves over the land. Land Breeze- During the Night. Movement of air from land to water. Air over land cools faster than above water. Warmer air over water rises and air over land moves over the water. Pgs. <u>192</u>			
land cools faster than above water. Warmer air over water rises and air over land moves over the water. Pgs. <u>192</u>	arífy: S	sea Breeze- DAY	marine inflow
	nd Breeze- NIGHT	return flow weak land breeze cool land	(a) Sea breeze
		(b) Land breeze	
Pgs			

