Form W-4 (2015)

Purpose. Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay. Consider completing a new Form W-4 each year and when your personal or financial situation changes.

Exemption from withholding. If you are exempt, complete only lines 1, 2, 3, 4, and 7 and sign the form to validate it. Your exemption for 2015 expires February 16, 2016. See Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

Note. If another person can claim you as a dependent on his or her tax return, you cannot claim exemption from withholding if your income exceeds \$1,050 and includes more than \$350 of unearned income (for example, interest and dividends).

Exceptions. An employee may be able to claim exemption from withholding even if the employee is a dependent, if the employee:

- Is age 65 or older,
- Is blind, or

• Will claim adjustments to income; tax credits; or itemized deductions, on his or her tax return.

The exceptions do not apply to supplemental wages greater than \$1,000,000.

Basic instructions. If you are not exempt, complete the Personal Allowances Worksheet below. The worksheets on page 2 further adjust your withholding allowances based on itemized deductions, certain credits, adjustments to income, or two-earners/multiple jobs situations.

Complete all worksheets that apply. However, you may claim fewer (or zero) allowances. For regular wages, withholding must be based on allowances you claimed and may not be a flat amount or percentage of wages

Head of household. Generally, you can claim head of household filing status on your tax return only if you are unmarried and pay more than 50% of the costs of keeping up a home for yourself and your dependent(s) or other qualifying individuals. See Pub. 501, Exemptions, Standard Deduction, and Filing Information, for information.

Tax credits. You can take projected tax credits into account in figuring your allowable number of withholding allowances. Credits for child or dependent care expenses and the child tax credit may be claimed using the **Personal Allowances Worksheet** below. See Pub. 505 for information on converting your other credits into withholding allowances.

Nonwage income. If you have a large amount of nonwage income, such as interest or dividends, consider making estimated tax payments using Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals. Otherwise, you may owe additional tax. If you have pension or annuity income, see Pub. 505 to find out if you should adjust your withholding on Form W-4 or W-4P.

Two earners or multiple jobs. If you have a working spouse or more than one job, figure the total number of allowances you are entitled to claim on all jobs using worksheets from only one Form W-4. Your withholding usually will be most accurate when all allowances are claimed on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job and zero allowances are claimed on the others. See Pub. 505 for details.

Nonresident alien. If you are a nonresident alien, see Notice 1392, Supplemental Form W-4 Instructions for Nonresident Aliens, before completing this form

Check your withholding. After your Form W-4 takes effect, use Pub. 505 to see how the amount you are having withheld compares to your projected total tax for 2015. See Pub. 505, especially if your earnings exceed \$130,000 (Single) or \$180,000 (Married).

Future developments. Information about any future developments affecting Form W-4 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) will be posted at www.irs.gov/w4.

		Persona	i Allowances works	neet (Neep for your records.)	
Α	Enter "1" for ye	ourself if no one else can o	claim you as a dependent		A
	ſ	 You are single and have 	e only one job; or)
В	Enter "1" if:	 You are married, have 	only one job, and your sp	oouse does not work; or	} в
	l	Your wages from a sec	ond job or your spouse's v	wages (or the total of both) are \$1,50	00 or less. ^J
С				ou are married and have either a w	orking spouse or more
	than one job. (Entering "-0-" may help yo	u avoid having too little ta	ax withheld.)	c
D	Enter number	of dependents (other than	your spouse or yourself)	you will claim on your tax return.	D
Е	Enter "1" if you	will file as head of house	hold on your tax return (s	see conditions under Head of hou s	sehold above) E
F	Enter "1" if you	have at least \$2,000 of ch	nild or dependent care e	expenses for which you plan to cla	im a credit F
	(Note. Do not	include child support paym	nents. See Pub. 503, Child	d and Dependent Care Expenses,	for details.)
G	Child Tax Cre	dit (including additional chi	ild tax credit). See Pub. 9	72, Child Tax Credit, for more info	rmation.
	If your total in	ncome will be less than \$65	5,000 (\$100,000 if married	d), enter "2" for each eligible child;	then less "1" if you
		ur eligible children or less '			
	If your total inc	come will be between \$65,000	and \$84,000 (\$100,000 and	s \$119,000 if married), enter "1" for each	ch eligible child G
Н	Add lines A thro	ugh G and enter total here. (N	lote. This may be different f	rom the number of exemptions you cl	aim on your tax return.) ► H
		• If you plan to itemize	or claim adjustments to i	ncome and want to reduce your with	hholding, see the Deductions
	For accuracy,	and Adjustments Wo	, ,		
	complete all worksheets	If you are single and earnings from all jobs 4	have more than one job	or are married and you and your	spouse both work and the combined ultiple Jobs Worksheet on page 2 to
	that apply.	avoid having too little ta		mamed, see the Two-Lamers/Wi	uniple dobs Worksheet on page 2 to
	and apply.	If neither of the above	e situations applies, stop h	ere and enter the number from line I	H on line 5 of Form W-4 below.
		Canavata have and	missa Farra W. 4 to scour am	anlaway Maan tha tan naut fay way	
				nployer. Keep the top part for your	
	W_{-4}	Employe	e's Withholding	g Allowance Certifica	te OMB No. 1545-0074
Form		► Whether you are ent	itled to claim a certain numbe	- er of allowances or exemption from wit	thholding is
	tment of the Treasury al Revenue Service	1		e required to send a copy of this form t	
1	Your first name	and middle initial	Last name		2 Your social security number
	Home address	(number and street or rural route		3 Single Married Mar	ried, but withhold at higher Single rate.
					buse is a nonresident alien, check the "Single" box.
	City or town, st	ate, and ZIP code		4 If your last name differs from that	shown on your social security card,
				check here. You must call 1-800-	772-1213 for a replacement card. ▶ 🔲
5	Total numbe	r of allowances you are cla	iming (from line H above	or from the applicable worksheet	on page 2) 5
6	Additional ar	nount, if any, you want with	nheld from each paychecl	k	6 \$
7			, ,	neet both of the following conditio	ns for exemption.
				held because I had no tax liability.	
	•	•		ecause I expect to have no tax liab	
	•	•			7
Unde			-		elief, it is true, correct, and complete.
	lovee's signatur			-	•
		unless you sign it.) ▶			Date ►
8		ne and address (Employer: Com	plete lines 8 and 10 only if send	ding to the IRS.) 9 Office code (optional)	10 Employer identification number (EIN)

Page 2 Form W-4 (2015)

	Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet												
Note			'		claim certain credits or	•							
1	Enter an estimate of your 2015 itemized deductions. These include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes, medical expenses in excess of 10% (7.5% if either you or your spouse was born before January 2, 1951) of your												
	income, and miscellaneous deductions. For 2015, you may have to reduce your itemized deductions if your income is over \$309,900												
	and you are married filing jointly or are a qualifying widow(er); \$284,050 if you are head of household; \$258,250 if you are single and not												
		. , ,			0 , ,	or details .	1	\$					
			ied filing jointly or qu	alifying widov	v(er)								
2	Enter: \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \												
	\$6,300 if single or married filing separately												
3			. If zero or less, enter					\$					
4		•	•		additional standard ded	,	•	\$					
5					nt for credits from the			_					
	_				b. 505.)		-	\$					
6					vidends or interest) .			\$					
7								\$					
8			-		ere. Drop any fraction								
9					t, line H, page 1								
10			•	•	the Two-Earners/Mult d enter this total on Fo	•	- <u>a</u> ´						
								`					
Note					(See Two earners o	or munipie j	obs on page 1	.)					
_		-		•	ige 1 direct you here. ed the Deductions and A o	diustmente We	orksheet) 1						
1 2			. • .	•	EST paying job and ent	-	,						
_			• •		ing job are \$65,000 or I								
		• •					2						
3		ore than or	equal to line 2, subt	ract line 2 fro	om line 1. Enter the res	sult here (if z							
			- ·		of this worksheet	•							
Note			· -		age 1. Complete lines		-						
			olding amount necess		•	3 3							
4	Enter the nur	nber from line	2 of this worksheet			4							
5	Enter the nur	nber from line	1 of this worksheet			5							
6	Subtract line	5 from line 4					6						
7	Find the amo	unt in Table 2	below that applies t	o the HIGHE S	ST paying job and ente	r it here .	7	\$					
8	Multiply line	7 by line 6 an	d enter the result her	e. This is the	additional annual withh	olding neede	d 8	\$					
9	Divide line 8 b	y the number	of pay periods remaini	ng in 2015. Fo	or example, divide by 25 i	f you are paid	every two						
	,			•	nere are 25 pay periods i	•							
	the result here			is is the addit	ional amount to be withh			\$					
		Tab					ble 2						
	Married Filing	Jointly	All Other	S	Married Filing J	ointly	All	Othe	rs 				
	es from LOWEST job are—	Enter on line 2 above	If wages from LOWEST paying job are—	Enter on line 2 above	If wages from HIGHEST paying job are—	Enter on line 7 above	If wages from HIG	HEST	Enter on line 7 above				
Paying	\$0 - \$6,000	0	\$0 - \$8,000	0	\$0 - \$75,000	\$600	\$0 - \$38	2 000	\$600				
6,0	001 - 13,000	1 1	8,001 - 17,000	1	75,001 - 135,000	1,000	38,001 - 83	3,000	1,000				
	001 - 24,000 001 - 26,000	2 3	17,001 - 26,000 26,001 - 34,000	2 3	135,001 - 205,000 205.001 - 360.000	1,120 1,320	83,001 - 180 180,001 - 395		1,120 1,320				
26,0	001 - 34,000	4	34,001 - 44,000	4	360,001 - 405,000	1,400	395,001 and ov		1,580				
,	001 - 44,000	5	44,001 - 75,000	5	405,001 and over	1,580							
	4,001 - 50,000 6 75,001 - 85,000 6 6 0,001 - 65,000 7 85,001 - 110,000 7												
	001 - 75,000	8	110,001 - 125,000	8									
	001 - 80,000 001 - 100,000	9 10	125,001 - 140,000 140,001 and over	9 10									
100,0	001 - 115,000	11											
	001 - 130,000 001 - 140,000	12 13											
140,0	001 - 150,000	14											
150.0	01 and over	15											

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. Internal Revenue Code sections 3402(f)(2) and 6109 and their regulations require you to provide this information; your employer uses it to determine your federal income tax withholding. Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your being treated as a single person who claims no withholding allowances; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation; to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their tax laws; and to the Department of Health and Human Services for use in the National Directory of New Hires. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by Code section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.



Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

micoman	SVOING COLVICE			
	1 Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.		·	
page 2.	2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above			
uo s	3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification; check only one of the following seven boxes: Individual/sole proprietor C Corporation S Corporation Partnership single-member LLC	Trust/estate	4 Exemptions (codes apply of certain entities, not individual instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any)	
谚호	Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partners	.,	Exemption from FATCA repo	rting
Print or type	Note. For a single-member LLC that is disregarded, do not check LLC; check the appropriate box in the tax classification of the single-member owner.	n the line above for	code (if any)	
급등	Under (see instructions) ▶		(Applies to accounts maintained outside	the U.S.)
pecifi	5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name	and address (optional)	
See S	6 City, state, and ZIP code			
	7 List account number(s) here (optional)			
Part	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)			
Enter y	our TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to av	oid Social se	curity number	
residen entities	withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, ft alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to ge</i>	t a		
TIN on	page 3.	or		
	the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1 and the chart on page	4 for Employer	r identification number	
guidelir	es on whose number to enter.		-	
Part	Certification			
Under	penalties of perjury, I certify that:			
1. The	number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for	a number to be is	ssued to me); and	
Serv	not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (bice (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest onger subject to backup withholding; and			
3. I am	a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and			
4. The	FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting	g is correct.		
becaus interest general	eation instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS the you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate trans paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions the ly, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification ions on page 3.	actions, item 2 do o an individual ret	es not apply. For mortgage irement arrangement (IRA),	and
Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ► Da	ate ▶		

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. Information about developments affecting Form W-9 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) is at www.irs.gov/fw9.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)

- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding? on page 2.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
- 4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting?* on page 2 for further information.

Form W-9 (Rev. 12-2014) Page **2**

Note. If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- · An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States:

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),

- 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN.
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code* on page 3 and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see Special rules for partnerships above.

What is FATCA reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See Exemption from FATCA reporting code on page 3 and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9.

a. Individual. Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note. ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

- b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.
- c. Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- d. Other entities. Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Form W-9 (Rev. 12-2014) Page **3**

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box in line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box in line 3.

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the name on line 1 is an LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and enter "P" in the space provided. If the LLC has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and in the space provided enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If it is a single-member LLC that is a disregarded entity, do not check the "Limited Liability Company" box; instead check the first box in line 3 "Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC."

Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space in line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1-An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
 - 2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- $3-\!A$ state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- $4-\!\mbox{A}$ foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
 - 5-A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- $7\!-\!\text{A}$ futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
 - 8-A real estate investment trust
- 9-An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
 - 10-A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
 - 11-A financial institution
- $12\!-\!A$ middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
 - 13-A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 ²
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

¹See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)
 - B-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- C-A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state
 - G-A real estate investment trust
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)
- J-A bank as defined in section 581
- K-A broker
- L-A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)
- M-A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(q) plan

Note. You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on this page), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

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Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, or 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see Exempt payee code earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- 3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification
- 4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
Individual Two or more individuals (joint account)	The individual The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account
Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee' The actual owner'
Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i) (A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
7. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity⁴
Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax- exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i) (B))	The trust

List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 2.
*Note. Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- · Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: spam@uce.gov or contact them at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.



Employment Eligibility Verification

Department of Homeland Security

U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services

USCIS Form I-9 OMB No. 1615-0047 Expires 03/31/2016

► START HERE. Read instructions carefully before completing this form. The instructions must be available during completion of this form. ANTI-DISCRIMINATION NOTICE: It is illegal to discriminate against work-authorized individuals. Employers CANNOT specify which document(s) they will accept from an employee. The refusal to hire an individual because the documentation presented has a future expiration date may also constitute illegal discrimination.

Section 1. Employee Information and A than the first day of employment, but not before a			and sign Se	ection 1 of	Form I-9 no later
Last Name (Family Name) First Na	ame (Given Name	Middle Initial	Other Name	s Used (if a	any)
Address (Street Number and Name)	Apt. Number	City or Town	S	tate	Zip Code
Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy) U.S. Social Security Number	E-mail Addres	es	'	Telepho	one Number
I am aware that federal law provides for impriso connection with the completion of this form.	nment and/or t	fines for false statements	or use of 1	alse doc	uments in
I attest, under penalty of perjury, that I am (chec	k one of the fo	ollowing):			
A citizen of the United States					
A noncitizen national of the United States (See	-				
A lawful permanent resident (Alien Registration	Number/USCI	S Number):			
An alien authorized to work until (expiration date, if a (See instructions)	applicable, mm/do	l/yyyy)	Some aliens	s may write	e "N/A" in this field.
For aliens authorized to work, provide your Alie	en Registration I	Number/USCIS Number O l	R Form I-94	Admissio	on Number:
1. Alien Registration Number/USCIS Number:_					3-D Barcode
OR				Do Not	t Write in This Space
2. Form I-94 Admission Number:					
If you obtained your admission number from States, include the following:	CBP in connec	tion with your arrival in the	United		
Foreign Passport Number:					
Country of Issuance:					
Some aliens may write "N/A" on the Foreign	Passport Numb	er and Country of Issuance	e fields. (Se	e instructi	ions)
Signature of Employee:			Date (mm/	(dd/yyyy):	
Preparer and/or Translator Certification (To employee.)	be completed	and signed if Section 1 is p	repared by	a person	other than the
I attest, under penalty of perjury, that I have ass information is true and correct.	isted in the co	mpletion of this form and	I that to the	best of	my knowledge the
Signature of Preparer or Translator:				Date (m	nm/dd/yyyy):
Last Name (Family Name)		First Name (Give	en Name)		
Address (Street Number and Name)		City or Town		State	Zip Code
STOP	Employer Co	mpletes Next Page	STOP		1

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Section 2. Employer or Authorized Representative Review and Verification

(Employers or their authorized representative must complete and sign Section 2 within 3 business days of the employee's first day of employment. You must physically examine one document from List A OR examine a combination of one document from List B and one document from List C as listed on the "Lists of Acceptable Documents" on the next page of this form. For each document you review, record the following information: document title, issuing authority, document number, and expiration date, if any.)

Employee Last Name, First Name and Middle	Initial from S	ection 1:					
List A C	PR	List B		A		List (C Authorization
Document Title:	Document T	itle:			Document 7		
Issuing Authority:	Issuing Auth	ority:			Issuing Aut	hority:	
Document Number:	Document N	lumber:			Document I	Number:	
Expiration Date (if any)(mm/dd/yyyy):	Expiration D	ate (if any)	(mm/dd/yyyy):	:	Expiration [Date (if any)(r	mm/dd/yyyy):
Document Title:							
Issuing Authority:							
Document Number:							
Expiration Date (if any)(mm/dd/yyyy):							3-D Barcode
Document Title:						Do No	t Write in This Space
Issuing Authority:							
Document Number:							
Expiration Date (if any)(mm/dd/yyyy):							
Certification							
I attest, under penalty of perjury, that (1) above-listed document(s) appear to be geenployee is authorized to work in the Un	enuine and t						
The employee's first day of employment		y):		(See ins	structions fo	or exemptio	ons.)
Signature of Employer or Authorized Representat	tive	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Title o	f Employer or	Authorized F	Representative
Last Name (Family Name)	First Name (0	Given Name	e) I	Employer's B	Business or Or	rganization N	ame
Employer's Business or Organization Address (Si	treet Number a	and Name)	City or Town	1		State	Zip Code
Section 3. Reverification and Reh	ires /To ho	complete	d and signal	d by omploy	or or author	ized represe	antativo l
A. New Name (if applicable) Last Name (Family I							pplicable) (mm/dd/yyyy):
C. If employee's previous grant of employment aut presented that establishes current employment	horization has authorization ir	expired, pro	vide the inform	nation for the	document fron	m List A or Lis	t C the employee
Document Title:		ocument N				Expiration Da	ate (if any)(mm/dd/yyyy):
I attest, under penalty of perjury, that to the							
the employee presented document(s), the d							
Signature of Employer or Authorized Representa	tive: D	ate (mm/da	l/yyyy):	Print Name	of Employer	or Authorized	I Representative:

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LISTS OF ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS All documents must be UNEXPIRED

Employees may present one selection from List A or a combination of one selection from List B and one selection from List C.

	LIST A Documents that Establish Both Identity and Employment Authorization	OR	LIST B Documents that Establish Identity AN	۱D	LIST C Documents that Establish Employment Authorization
2.	U.S. Passport or U.S. Passport Card Permanent Resident Card or Alien Registration Receipt Card (Form I-551) Foreign passport that contains a temporary I-551 stamp or temporary I-551 printed notation on a machine-		Driver's license or ID card issued by a State or outlying possession of the United States provided it contains a photograph or information such as name, date of birth, gender, height, eye color, and address	1.	A Social Security Account Number card, unless the card includes one of the following restrictions: (1) NOT VALID FOR EMPLOYMENT (2) VALID FOR WORK ONLY WITH INS AUTHORIZATION
4.	readable immigrant visa Employment Authorization Document that contains a photograph (Form I-766)		 ID card issued by federal, state or local government agencies or entities, provided it contains a photograph or information such as name, date of birth, gender, height, eye color, and address 	2.	(3) VALID FOR WORK ONLY WITH DHS AUTHORIZATION Certification of Birth Abroad issued by the Department of State (Form FS-545)
5.	For a nonimmigrant alien authorized to work for a specific employer because of his or her status: a. Foreign passport; and b. Form I-94 or Form I-94A that has the following:		 School ID card with a photograph Voter's registration card U.S. Military card or draft record Military dependent's ID card U.S. Coast Guard Merchant Mariner Card 	4.	issued by the Department of State (Form DS-1350) Original or certified copy of birth certificate issued by a State, county, municipal authority, or territory of the United States
	(1) The same name as the passport; and(2) An endorsement of the alien's nonimmigrant status as long as that period of endorsement has		Native American tribal document Driver's license issued by a Canadian government authority		Native American tribal document U.S. Citizen ID Card (Form I-197)
	not yet expired and the proposed employment is not in conflict with any restrictions or limitations identified on the form.		For persons under age 18 who are unable to present a document listed above:	7. 8.	Identification Card for Use of Resident Citizen in the United States (Form I-179)
6.	Passport from the Federated States of Micronesia (FSM) or the Republic of the Marshall Islands (RMI) with Form I-94 or Form I-94A indicating nonimmigrant admission under the Compact of Free Association Between the United States and the FSM or RMI		10. School record or report card11. Clinic, doctor, or hospital record12. Day-care or nursery school record	0.	document issued by the Department of Homeland Security

Illustrations of many of these documents appear in Part 8 of the Handbook for Employers (M-274).

Refer to Section 2 of the instructions, titled "Employer or Authorized Representative Review and Verification," for more information about acceptable receipts.

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NON-UNION COMMERCIAL PAYROLL TIME CARD

	WORK LOCATION REQUIRED	
City	County	
State	□Foreign	_

	E COMPLETE W-4 D AREAS ARE FOI			USE ON	NLY		ADDRE	SS (CHANGE	WEEKI	ENDING DATE			PREP	
PRODUC	TION COMPANY				00	CCUPATIO								SHOOT	
EMPLOYE	EE NAME			S	SOCIAL SE	CURITY	NO.		E-MAIL ADI	DRESS			М□Г□	WRAP	
LOANOU	ΓCO.								FED. I.D.					TOTAL GROS	S
KIT RENT	AL	AICP ACC	T. # N	IILEAGE	AICP A	ACCT. #	PER DIEM	ALL	OWANCE	PER DI	EM TAXABLE	AICP ACCT. #	MEAL A	LLOWANCE	AICP ACCT. #
DATE	JOB NAME/NO.	TIME IN	1ST M 2ND M		TIME OUT	AICP #	HOURLY RATE	STF	R 1.5			MEAL PEN	CHECK ONE P S W	сомм	IENTS
SUN]	
MON															
TUE															
WED															
THU															
FRI															
SAT															
Affordab	le Care Act Employr Full Time	ment Basis: ne Variab	мизт сне le Hour	CK ONE	sonal	то	TALS								
	Employment Ended: No Yes Date: COMMENTS														
_	Unpaid Leave: From g, you certify that the reco														
X											X				
							ployee Phone Number Production Company Approval								



BOX / KIT RENTAL AGREEMENT

NAME:			DA	\TE:	
SOCIAL S	ECURITY #:				
Job Nami	E / NUMBER:				
		I			
Date	Quantity	Description		Unit Price	Amount
			Total Ren	tal Amount: \$	3
Employ	ee Signature	:			



MILEAGE RECORD

NAME	Ē:			
SOCI	AL SE	CURITY#		
JOB N	NAME	/NUMBER		
Da	te	Destination	Odometer Readings	Mileage
			Total Miles	
			X cents per mile	=
			Total Amou	nt